

Autumn 2 – Year 3-4

Week 3 – Homework

Thursday 19th November 2020

Salam, hope everyone is well. For our English homework this week, I would like children to write a description of this picture using fronted adverbials below. The first sentence has been done for you. Remember to always place a comma after the fronted adverbial to separate it from the main clause.

Look at this picture taken of the London marathon.



Time	Place	Manner
On Sunday 23rd April	Behind the metal barriers	With a determined look
As he was running	Below the beating sun	Feeling exhausted
Whilst the crowd cheered	On their T-shirts	Without slowing

On Sunday 23rd of April, thousands of people hit the streets of London to take part in the annual London Marathon.

Word of the week – Melancholy

Find the definition of the word **Melancholy** and write two sentences using the word of the week.

Spelling - Write few sentences using your adverbs below.

Words with *-sure ending* and words with *-ture ending*

measure
treasure
pleasure
enclosure

Word list

creature
furniture
picture
nature
adventure

Read the story of Florence Nightingale

Florence Nightingale

Florence Nightingale died in 1910 but is still remembered for being the founder of modern-day nursing.

Florence was born on 12th May 1820 in Florence, Italy. She was born into a rich, upper-class British family. The family moved to England in 1821.

Florence the Nurse

She had a strong faith and believed that God had instructed her to dedicate her life to looking after others, so she decided to become a nurse. Her mother was disappointed with her decision as she thought that Florence should devote all of her time to becoming a mother and wife.

At the age of 33, Florence became superintendent at the Institute for the Care of Sick Gentlewomen in London, however, she only worked there for a short period of time. The Crimean War broke out in 1853; Britain, Turkey and France fought against Russia. Florence was keen to go and help when reports reached Britain about the horrendous conditions for the wounded soldiers. Along with a staff of volunteer nurses and nuns, she travelled to Scutari to do her bit.

Florence and her team found that the wounded soldiers were not receiving decent food. She also found that medicines and beds were in short supply, hygiene was poor and infections were common, in fact, more soldiers died from infections than their battle wounds. As a result of this, Florence asked the British government for help. Sewers were flushed out and the hospital was cleaned. Florence also ensured that everyone washed their hands regularly. She bought fresh food and organised a chef to cook meals. These changes caused death rates to drop.

Did You Know...?

Florence was given the famous nickname, 'The Lady with the Lamp' by the soldiers who she cared for day and night. When it was dark, she carried a lantern with her.



Florence had a meeting with Queen Victoria. She explained all the improvements required in the Army hospitals. The Army then began training doctors and the conditions in hospitals improved.

Later in Life

At the age of 40, Florence established the Nightingale Training School to train nurses. She spent the rest of her life trying to improve health standards and wrote over 200 books and leaflets on hospital planning. Some of these ideas helped influence practices which are still in existence today.

In 1883, Florence received the Royal Red Cross by Queen Victoria. She died in London on 13th August, 1910.



Questions

1. Why do you think she was given the name Florence?

2. Why did she decide to become a nurse?

3. Why did she only work at the Institute for the Care of Sick Gentlewomen for a short period of time?

4. Explain why Florence felt the need to go and look after the wounded soldiers.

5. List **two** things that were wrong with the hospital.

1. _____
2. _____

6. When did the Crimean War begin?

- Turkey
- France
- Italy
- Russia

7. Florence Nightingale What was the name of Florence's school for nurses?

- Nightingale Nurses
- Nightingale Training School
- Florence's Nursing School
- Florence's School for Nurses